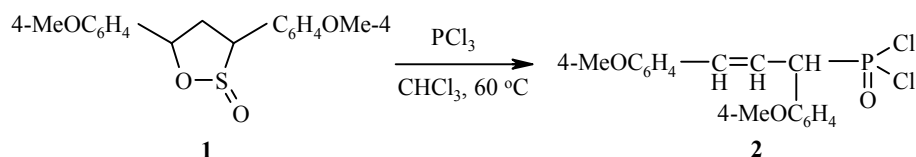


REACTION OF 3,5-BIS(4-METHOXY-PHENYL)-1,2-OXATHIOLANE-2-OXIDE WITH PHOSPHORUS TRICHLORIDE

E. V. Grigor'ev and L. G. Saginova

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While studying the reactivity of 3,5-diaryl-1,2-oxathiolane-2-oxides (γ -sultines), we have shown for the first time that heating under reflux 3,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2-oxathiolane-2-oxide (**1**) [1] with excess of phosphorus trichloride (1:4) in chloroform for 8 h leads to formation of 1,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)allylphosphonic acid dichloride (**2**) in 80% yield.



The reaction was carried out by adding a solution of phosphorus trichloride (0.38 g, 2.7 mmol) in dry chloroform to a solution of sultine **1** (0.22 g, 0.68 mmol) in chloroform and refluxing for 8 h. The mixture was cooled, poured into water, extracted with chloroform, washed with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate and then with water, dried with calcium chloride, and evaporated. Obtained: 0.2 g (80%) of compound **2** as a rose-red oil, which was recrystallized from a chloroform–hexane mixture; 0.17 g compound **2** was isolated as light pink crystals with mp 147°C. IR spectrum (vaseline oil), ν , cm^{-1} : 1617 (C=O), 1255 (P=O). ^1H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl_3 , 30°C), δ , ppm, J (Hz): 3.81, 3.82 (6H, 2s, CH_3O); 4.46 (1H, dd, $^3J_{\text{HH}} = 9.4$; $^2J_{\text{HP}} = 18.2$, CHP); 6.39 (1H, dt, $^3J_{\text{HH}} = 15.6$; $^3J_{\text{HH}} = 9.4$; $^3J_{\text{HP}} = 9.4$; CH=); 6.72 (1H, dd, $^3J_{\text{HH}} = 15.6$; $^4J_{\text{HP}} = 7.6$; ArCH=); 6.88, 6.96 (4H, 2d, $^3J_{\text{HH}} = 8.8$; CHAr); 7.37 (2H, d, $^3J_{\text{HH}} = 8.8$, CHAr); 7.43 (2H, dd, $^3J_{\text{HH}} = 8.8$, $^4J_{\text{HP}} = 3.4$, CHAr). ^{13}C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl_3 , 30°C), δ , ppm J (Hz): 55.42 (CH_3O), 63.20 (d, $^1J_{\text{CP}} = 89$, CHP); 114.22 (CHAr); 114.73 (d, $^4J_{\text{CP}} = 3$, CHAr); 117.93 (d, $^2J_{\text{CP}} = 9.8$, CH=); 124.43 (d, $^2J_{\text{CP}} = 7.5$; CAr); 128.20 (d, $^5J_{\text{CP}} = 3$, CHAr), 128.58 (d, $^4J_{\text{CP}} = 4.5$, CAr); 130.63 (d, $^3J_{\text{CP}} = 9$, CHAr); 137.26 (d, $^3J_{\text{CP}} = 19.5$, CH=); 160.03, 160.08 (CAr). ^{31}P NMR spectrum (161.9 MHz, CDCl_3 , 30°C), δ , ppm: 47.1. Found, %: C 54.93; H 4.54. $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{17}\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3\text{P}$. Calculated, %: C 55.01; H 4.62.

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M. V. Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow 119899, Russia; e-mail: saginova@org.chem.msu.ru, evg@org.chem.msu.ru. Translated from *Khimiya Geterotsiklicheskikh Soedinenii*, No. 5, p. 703, May, 2001. Original article submitted November 15, 2000.